

# دروس اللغة العربية

Lessons of the Arabic Language

لغير الناطقين بها

For Non-Native Speakers

## الجزء الثاني

### Book 2

الدكتور عبد الرحيم

Dr. V. Abdul Rahim

## Annotated Solutions

### Lesson 10

Javid Sheikh

لغة القرآن  
مسجد سانغا



Language  
of the Qur'an  
Mississauga

## Revision History

[illegible]

*Note:*

*Translations of the Qur'anic ayahs given in this lesson are based on the literal translation of the Arabic words to help promote an understanding of the Holy Qur'an in its original language. For the mainstream translation of the ayahs, please consult the Qur'an translations offered by Saheeh International and/or others.*

## ( ١٠ ) الدَّرْسُ العَاشِرُ

### The Tenth Lesson

Zakariya went to

visit Hamid فِي وَجَدَهُ فِي وَلَكِنَّهُ مَا وَجَدَهُ فِي صَلَاةِ الْفَجْرِ،

(for the visit of Hamid) after the Fajr prayer

but he did not find him in the house, أَيْنَ أَبُوكَ؟

so he said to his son Musa. Where is your father?

- Musa: He went to the market.

مُوسَى : ذَهَبَ إِلَى السُّوقِ .

ذَهَبَ يَذْهَبُ  
He went

- Z: Does he go to the market every day?

زَكَرِيَّا : أَيْذْهَبُ إِلَى السُّوقِ كُلَّ يَوْمٍ؟

- M: Yes, he always goes

مُوسَى : نَعَمْ ، يَذْهَبُ دَائِمًا إِلَى السُّوقِ بَعْدَ صَلَاةِ الْفَجْرِ .

to the market after the Fajr prayer.

- Z: When does he return from the market?

زَكَرِيَّا : مَتَى يَرْجِعُ مِنَ السُّوقِ؟

رَجَعَ يَرْجِعُ  
To return

- M: He returns at

مُوسَى : يَرْجِعُ فِي السَّاعَةِ السَّابِعَةِ ، وَأَحْيَانًا فِي السَّاعَةِ الثَّامِنَةِ .

7 O'clock, and sometimes at 8 O'clock.

- Z: What does he do at home (or in the house)?

زَكَرِيَّا : مَاذَا يَفْعَلُ فِي الْبَيْتِ؟

فَعَلَ يَفْعَلُ  
To do

- M: He reads the newspapers

مُوسَى : يَقْرَأُ الصُّحُفَ وَيَسْمَعُ الْأَخْبَارَ مِنَ الْإِذَاعَةِ .

and listens to the news from the radio station.

- Z: When does he go to the factory?

زَكَرِيَّا : مَتَى يَذْهَبُ إِلَى الْمَصْنَعِ؟

قَرَأَ يَقْرَأُ  
To read

سَمِعَ يَسْمَعُ  
To listen

- M: He goes at 9:30 (nine and a half).

مُوسَى : يَذْهَبُ فِي السَّاعَةِ التَّاسِعَةِ وَالنِّصْفِ .

- Z: And when does he return from there?

زَكَرِيَّا : وَمَتَى يَرْجِعُ مِنْ هُنَاكَ؟

- M: He returns at 1:30

مُوسَى : يَرْجِعُ فِي السَّاعَةِ الْوَاحِدَةِ وَالنِّصْفِ أَوْ الثَّانِيَةِ .

(One and a half) or two (O'clock).

- Z: Does he go to the factory

زَكَرِيَّا : أَيْذْهَبُ إِلَى الْمَصْنَعِ مَرَّةً أُخْرَى بَعْدَ الظُّهْرِ؟

once again after the Zuhr prayer?

- مُوسَى : لَا ، لَا يَذْهَبُ بَعْدَ الظُّهْرِ . يَجْلِسُ هُنَا فِي مَكْتَبِهِ بَعْدَ صَلَاةِ الْعَصْرِ .  
 - M: No, he does not go after the Zuhri (prayer). He sits here in his office after the Asr prayer.
- زَكَرِيَّا : كَمْ عَامِلًا يَعْمَلُ فِي مَصْنَعِكُمْ ؟  
 - Z: How many workers work in your factory?
- مُوسَى : مَصْنَعُنَا لَيْسَ بِكَبِيرٍ . يَعْمَلُ فِيهِ مِائَةٌ وَخَمْسَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ عَامِلًا وَمُهَنْدِسَانِ .  
 - M: Our factory is not big. One hundred and twenty five workers and two engineers work in it.
- زَكَرِيَّا : السَّاعَةُ الْآنَ التَّاسِعَةُ إِلَّا رُبْعًا ، وَمَا رَجَعَ أَبُوكَ .  
 - Z: The time now is quarter to nine (nine except/less a quarter), and your father has not returned.
- مُوسَى : لَعَلَّهُ يَرْجِعُ الْيَوْمَ مُتَأَخِّرًا .  
 - M: I am afraid he will return today late (or late today).

## تَمَارِينُ Exercises

١ - أَجِبْ عَنِ الْأَسْئَلَةِ الْآتِيَةِ : Answer the following questions :

(١) لِمَ يَذْهَبُ زَكَرِيَّا ؟

(٢) مَتَى يَذْهَبُ ؟

(٣) أَيْنَ يَذْهَبُ حَامِدٌ بَعْدَ صَلَاةِ الْفَجْرِ ؟

(٤) مَتَى يَرْجِعُ مِنَ السُّوقِ ؟

(٥) مَاذَا يَفْعَلُ فِي الْبَيْتِ ؟

(٦) مَتَى يَذْهَبُ إِلَى الْمَصْنَعِ ؟

(٧) كَمْ عَامِلًا يَعْمَلُ فِي مَصْنَعِهِ ؟

(٨) كَمْ مُهَنْدِسًا يَعْمَلُ فِي مَصْنَعِهِ ؟

See Next Page





Answer the following questions :

١ - أَجِبْ عَنِ الْأَسْئَلَةِ الْآتِيَةِ :



- (١) لِمَ زَارَ مَنْ ذَهَبَ زَكَرِيَّا؟
- (٢) مَتَى ذَهَبَ؟
- (٣) أَيْنَ يَذْهَبُ حَامِدٌ بَعْدَ صَلَاةِ الْفَجْرِ؟
- (٤) مَتَى يَرْجِعُ مِنَ السُّوقِ؟
- (٥) مَاذَا يَفْعَلُ فِي الْبَيْتِ؟
- (٦) مَتَى يَذْهَبُ إِلَى الْمَصْنَعِ؟
- (٧) كَمْ عَامِلًا يَعْمَلُ فِي مَصْنَعِهِ؟
- (٨) كَمْ مُهَنْدِسًا يَعْمَلُ فِي مَصْنَعِهِ؟

١, For whose visitation did Zakaria go?

Zakaria went to visit Hamid (for visitation of Hamid).

١. ذَهَبَ زَكَرِيَّا لِمَ زَارَ حَامِدٍ

2, When did he go?

He went after the Fajr prayer (prayer of the Fajr).

2. ذَهَبَ بَعْدَ صَلَاةِ الْفَجْرِ

3, Where does Hamid go after the Fajr prayer?

Hamid goes to the market.

3. يَذْهَبُ حَامِدٌ إِلَى السُّوقِ

4, When does he return from the market?

4. يَرْجِعُ فِي السَّاعَةِ السَّابِعَةِ، وَأُخْيَانًا فِي السَّاعَةِ الثَّامِنَةِ

He returns at seven O'clock, and sometimes at eight O'clock.

5, What does he do in the house (at home)?

5. يَقْرَأُ الصُّبْحَ وَيَسْمَعُ الْأَخْبَارَ مِنَ الْإِذَاعَةِ

He reads newspapers and listens to the news from the radio station.

6, When does he go to the factory?

6. يَذْهَبُ فِي السَّاعَةِ الثَّاسِعَةِ وَالنِّصْفِ. ٩:٣٠ (nine and a half) O'clock.

7, How many workers work in his factory?

7. يَعْمَلُ فِي مَصْنَعِهِ مِائَةً وَخَمْسَةً وَعِشْرُونَ عَامِلًا

One hundred and twenty five workers work in his factory.

8, How many engineers work in his factory?

Two engineers work in his factory.

8. يَعْمَلُ فِيهِ مُهَنْدِسَانِ

2- Correct what follows:

٢ - صَحِّحْ مَا يَلِي :

- 1) Hamid is the father of Musa. (١) حَامِدٌ ابْنُ مُوسَى. *Hamid is the son of Musa.*
- 2) Hamid goes to the market always. (٢) يَذْهَبُ حَامِدٌ إِلَى السُّوقِ أحياناً. *Hamid goes to the market sometimes.*
- 3) Hamid goes to the factory at 9:30. (٣) يَذْهَبُ حَامِدٌ إِلَى المَصْنَعِ فِي السَّاعَةِ الثَّامِنَةِ والنَّصْفِ. *Hamid goes to the factory at 8:30.*
- 4) Hamid does not go to the factory after the Zuhr prayer. (٤) يَذْهَبُ حَامِدٌ إِلَى المَصْنَعِ بَعْدَ صَلَاةِ الظُّهْرِ أَيْضاً. *Hamid goes to the factory after the Zuhr prayer also.*
- 5) He sits in his office after the Asr prayer. (٥) يَجْلِسُ فِي البَيْتِ بَعْدَ صَلَاةِ العَصْرِ. *He sits in the house after the Asr prayer.*
- 6) The factory of Hamid is not big. (٦) مَصْنَعُ حَامِدٍ كَبِيرٌ. *The factory of Hamid is big.*

3- Ponder over the following examples:

٣ - تَأَمَّلْ الأمثلة الآتية :

The Present

المُضَارِعُ

The Past

المَاضِي

- 1) Ali goes to the school every day. (١) يَذْهَبُ عَلِيٌّ إِلَى المَدْرَسَةِ كُلَّ يَوْمٍ. *Ali went to the school yesterday.*
- 2) Ismail reads the Qur'an after the Fajr prayer every day. (٢) يَقْرَأُ إِسْمَاعِيلُ الْقُرْآنَ. *Ismail read the Qur'an.*
- 3) The man washes his car every week. (٣) يَغْسِلُ الرَّجُلُ سَيَّارَتَهُ كُلَّ أُسْبُوعٍ. *The man washed his car.*

4- Ponder over the examples and write the Present tense of the following verbs.

٤ - تَأَمَّلْ الأمثلة واكتب مضارع الأفعال الآتية :

باب ← (١) نَصَرَ (A-U) (٢) ضَرَبَ (A-I) (٣) فَتَحَ (A-A) (٤) سَمِعَ (I-A)

He listens. يَسْمَعُ سَمِعَ يَذْهَبُ ذَهَبَ يَجْلِسُ جَلَسَ يَكْتُبُ كَتَبَ He wrote.  
He listened. He goes. He went. He sits. He sat. He writes.

He understands. يَفْهَمُ فَهِمَ رَكَعَ رَكَعَ يَغْسِلُ غَسَلَ يَدْخُلُ دَخَلَ He entered.  
He understood. He bows. He bowed. He washes. He washed. He enters.

He plays. يَلْعَبُ لَعِبَ رَفَعَ رَفَعَ يَرْجِعُ رَجَعَ يَخْرُجُ خَرَجَ He left.  
He played. He raises. He raised. He returns. He returned. He leaves.

He memorizes يَحْفَظُ حَفِظَ فَعَلَ فَعَلَ يَنْزِلُ نَزَلَ يَسْجُدُ سَجَدَ He prostrated.  
He memorized. He does. He did. He descended. He prostrates.  
He descends.

He drank. He asks. He asked He breaks. He broke. He eats

He drinks. شَرِبَ يَشْرِبُ سَأَلَ يَسْأَلُ كَسَرَ يَكْسِرُ أَكَلَ يَأْكُلُ He ate.

He rides. رَكَبَ يَرْكَبُ فَتَحَ يَفْتَحُ ضَرَبَ يَضْرِبُ قَتَلَ يَقْتُلُ He killed.

He rode. He opens. He opened. He hits. He hit. He kills.

5- Complete the following sentences by putting suitable present tense verb in the blank spaces:

- ١) My father goes to the market every morning. يَذْهَبُ أَبِي إِلَى السُّوقِ كُلَّ صَبَاحٍ.
- ٢) When does your father return from the factory? متى يَرْجِعُ أَبُوكَ مِنَ المَصْنَعِ؟
- ٣) Ahmad drinks the coffee and Ahmad يَشْرِبُ أَحْمَدُ القَهْوَةَ وَيُشْرِبُ يُوْسُفُ الشَّايَ drinks the tea.
- ٤) My brother reads the newspapers and listens to the news from the radio station every morning. أَخِي يَقْرَأُ الصُّحُفَ وَيَسْمَعُ الأَخْبَارَ مِنَ الإِذَاعَةِ كُلَّ صَبَاحٍ.
- ٥) The teacher writes on the writing board. يَكْتُبُ المَدْرُسُ عَلَى السَّبُّورَةِ.
- ٦) Hisham washes his face with the soap. يَغْسِلُ هِشَامٌ وَجْهَهُ بِالصَّابُونِ.
- ٧) The principal leaves from the school at two O'clock. يُخْرَجُ المَدِيرُ مِنَ المَدْرَسَةِ فِي السَّاعَةِ الثَّانِيَةِ.

6- Read what follows:

Twenty one students	٢١	وَاحِدٌ وَعِشْرُونَ طَالِباً.	٢٦	سِتَّةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ طَالِباً.	Twenty six students
Twenty two students	٢٢	اِثْنَانِ وَعِشْرُونَ طَالِباً.	٢٧	سَبْعَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ طَالِباً.	Twenty seven students
Twenty three students	٢٣	ثَلَاثَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ طَالِباً.	٢٨	ثَمَانِيَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ طَالِباً.	Twenty eight students
Twenty four students	٢٤	أَرْبَعَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ طَالِباً.	٢٩	تِسْعَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ طَالِباً.	Twenty nine students
Twenty five students	٢٥	خَمْسَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ طَالِباً.	٣٠	ثَلَاثُونَ طَالِباً.	Thirty students

7- Read what follows, then write them with the numbers mentioned in it, in words:

- ١) In a month, are ٢٩ أو ٣٠ يوماً. فِي الشَّهْرِ تِسْعَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ أَوْ ثَلَاثُونَ يَوْماً twenty nine or thirty days.
- ٢) In this bus, are twenty five passengers. فِي هَذِهِ الحَافِلَةِ ٢٥ رَاكِباً. فِي هَذِهِ الحَافِلَةِ خَمْسَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ five passengers.

(٣) جَاءَ الْيَوْمَ ٢٢ طَالِبًا جَدِيدًا.

(٤) فِي هَذَا الْكِتَابِ ٢١ دَرْسًا.

(٥) هَذَا الْمَلْعَبُ طَوْلُهُ ٢٨ مِترًا وَعَرْضُهُ ٢٤ مِترًا.

(٦) كَمْ كِيلُومِترًا الْمَسَافَةُ بَيْنَ الْمَدِينَةِ وَالْمِطَارِ؟ الْمَسَافَةُ بَيْنَهُمَا ٢٣ كِيلُومِترًا.

(٧) هَذَا الدَّفتر طَوْلُهُ ٢٧ سَنْتِيمِترًا.

See Next Page

A

8- Ponder over what follows :

٨ - تَأَمَّلْ مَا يَلِي :

Condition (حال)

Late

مُبَكَّرًا × مُتَأَخِّرًا

Early

١) I went to the school early today. And I returned to the house early. (١) ذَهَبْتُ إِلَى الْمَدْرَسَةِ الْيَوْمَ مُبَكَّرًا. وَرَجَعْتُ إِلَى الْبَيْتِ مُتَأَخِّرًا.

2) Laila went to university late. (٢) ذَهَبَتْ لَيْلَى إِلَى الْجَامِعَةِ مُتَأَخِّرَةً.

3) The doctor (f) went to the hospital early today. (٣) ذَهَبَتِ الطَّبِيبَةُ الْيَوْمَ إِلَى الْمُسْتَشْفَى مُبَكَّرَةً.

9- Make sentences using the following sentences :

٩ - كَوِّنْ جُمْلًا مُسْتَعْمِلًا الْكَلِمَاتِ الْآتِيَةِ :

See Next Page

B

مَرَّةً أُخْرَى

مُتَأَخِّرًا

أَحْيَانًا

دَائِمًا

Always

One more time/Once again

Late

Sometimes

The New Words :

الكَلِمَاتُ الْجَدِيدَةُ :

Once again

مَرَّةً أُخْرَى

أَحْيَانًا

Sometimes

دَائِمًا

Always

Length

طَوْلٌ

عَامِلٌ (ج عُمَّالٌ)

Worker(s)/  
Labourer(s)

مَكْتَبٌ

Office/Desk

Kilometre(s) (ج كِيلُومِترَاتٌ)

كِيلُومِترٌ

مَسَافَةٌ

Distance

عَرْضٌ

Width

He worked

عَمِلَ

مِترٌ (ج أَمْتَارٌ)

Centimetre(s) (ج سَنْتِيمِترَاتٌ)

سَنْتِيمِترٌ

He did

He bowed down  
(in prayer)

رَكَعَ

رَكِبَ

He rode/  
climbed

فَعَلَ

He did

سَجَدَ

He  
prostrated

(٣) جَاءَ الْيَوْمَ ٢٢ طَالِبًا جَدِيدًا. (A)

(٤) فِي هَذَا الْكِتَابِ ٢١ دَرْسًا.

(٥) هَذَا الْمَلْعَبُ طَوْلُهُ ٢٨ مِترًا وَعَرْضُهُ ٢٤ مِترًا.

(٦) كَمْ كِيلُومِترًا الْمَسَافَةُ بَيْنَ الْمَدِينَةِ وَالْمَطَارِ؟ الْمَسَافَةُ بَيْنَهُمَا ٢٣ كِيلُومِترًا.

(٧) هَذَا الدَّفْترُ طَوْلُهُ ٢٧ سَنْتِيمِترًا.

3. جَاءَ الْيَوْمَ اِثْنَانِ وَعِشْرُونَ طَالِبًا جَدِيدًا. 3, Twenty two new students came today.

4. فِي هَذَا الْكِتَابِ رَاحِدٌ وَعِشْرُونَ دَرْسًا. 4, In this book (there) are twenty one lessons.

5. هَذَا الْمَلْعَبُ طَوْلُهُ ثَمَانِيَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ مِترًا وَعَرْضُهُ اَرْبَعَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ مِترًا. 5, The length of this

playground is twenty eight metres, and its width is twenty four metres.

6. كَمْ كِيلُومِترًا الْمَسَافَةُ بَيْنَ الْمَدِينَةِ وَالْمَطَارِ؟ الْمَسَافَةُ بَيْنَهُمَا ثَلَاثَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ كِيلُومِترًا. 6, How many

kilometres distance is between the city and the airport? The distance between is twenty three kilometers.

7. هَذَا الدَّفْترُ طَوْلُهُ سَبْعَةٌ وَعِشْرُونَ سَنْتِيمِترًا. 7, This length of this notebook is twenty seven centimetres.



Return to Previous Page

مَرَّةً أُخْرَى

مُتَأَخِّرًا

أَحْيَانًا

دَائِمًا Always

One more time/Once again

Late

Sometimes

(B)

1. دَائِمًا : يَذْهَبُ أَبِي إِلَى السُّوقِ دَائِمًا. 1, My father always goes to the market.

2. أَحْيَانًا : يَشْرَبُ أَخِي الْقَهْوَةَ أَحْيَانًا. 2, My brother drinks coffee sometimes.

3. مُتَأَخِّرًا : ذَهَبْتُ إِلَى الْمَكْتَبَةِ مُتَأَخِّرًا. 3, I went to the library late.

4. مَرَّةً أُخْرَى : سَمِعْتُ الْقُرْآنَ الْيَوْمَ مَرَّةً أُخْرَى. 4, I listened to the Qur'an today one more time.

مَفْعُولٌ مُطْلَقٌ عَدَدِيٌّ نَعَتْ



Return to Previous Page

- 73a -

الصفحة الأخيرة من هذا الملف  
*The last page of this file*